MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

SSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH UREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY CCR CERTIFICATION CALENDAR YEAR 2014	2015 JUN 18 PM 8: 17
Acres	
Public Water Supply Name	

HARVED-WATER SUPPLY

 Back	Acres
	Public Water Supply Name
 0690	
List PWS	ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system. syst cust ema

system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, public customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedu email a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Please check	lished in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the ures when distributing the CCR. You must mail, fax or
Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Atta	tach copy of publication, water bill or other)
☐ Advertisement in local paper (attach come of bill) ☐ Email message (MUST Email the mes ☐ Other	ssage to the address below)
Date(s) customers were informed: 06/26/2015,	
CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other methods used	direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery
Date Mailed/Distributed: / /	
CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a co	
CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of p	published CCR or proof of publication)
Name of Newspaper:	
Date Published://	
CCR was posted in public places, (Attach list of locations	S) Date Posted:/
CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the	
CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that the 2014 Consumer Confidence Report (public water system in the form and manner identified above the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in the water quality monitoring data provided to the public Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply. Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)	(CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this ve and that I used distribution methods allowed by this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with
Deliver or send via U.S. Postal Service:	May be faxed to:

Deli Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

(601)576-7800

May be emailed to: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

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2014 Quality Water Report Back Acres

[PWS ID# 0690009] June 2015 AND VED WATER SUPPLY

2015 JUN 18 PM 8: 17

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is a ground water well that pumps from the Lower Wilcox Aquifer.

Our source water assessment is available upon request.

I'm pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

This report shows our water quality and what it means.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Harry House (Certified Water Operator) at P.O. Box 463 Senatobia, MS 38668, 662-562-8456. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility.

The Back Acres system routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, **2014**. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Non-Detects (ND) - laboratory analysis indicates that the constituent is not present.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Picocuries per liter (pCi/L) - picocuries per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

TEST RESULTS								
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Co	ontaminan	ıts						
1074 Antimony	n	05/20/13	<.0005	0	ppm	0.006	0.006	Discharge from petroleum refineries; fire retardants; ceramics; electronics; solder
1005 Arsenic	n	05/20/13	<.0005	0	ppm	.010	.010	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
1010 Barium	n	05/20/13	.0385	0	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natura deposits
1075 Beryllium	n	05/20/13	<.0005	0	ppm	0.004	0.004	Discharge from metal refineries and coal-burning factories; discharge from electrical, aerospace, and defense industries
1015 Cadmium	n	05/20/13	<.0005	0	ppm	0.005	0.005	Corrosion of galvanized pipes; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from metal refineries; runoff from waste batteries and paints
1020 Chromium	n	05/20/13	.002	0	ppm	0.1	0.1	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	n	12/31/14	1.4	1	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
15. Cyanide	n	09/16/13	<.015	0	ppm	0.2	0.2	Discharge from steel/metal factories; discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories
16. Fluoride	n	05/20/13	.139	0	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and

17. Lead	n	12/31/14	0.001	0	ppb	0.015	AL=.015	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
4 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								o radia deposito
1035 Mercury (inorganic)	n	05/20/13	<.0005	0	ppm	0.002	0.002	Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from refineries and factories; runoff from landfills; runoff from cropland
1040 Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	n	05/14/14	<.08	0	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
1041 Nitrite (as Nitrogen)	n	05/14/14	<.02	0	ppm	1	1	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
1038 Nitrate+Nitrite (as N)	n	05/14/14	<0.1	0	ppm	10	10	Run-off from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
1045 Selenium	n	05/20/13	<.0025	0	ppm	0.05	0.05	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines
1085 Thallium	n	05/20/13	<.0005	0	ppm	.002	.002	Leaching from ore- processing sites; discharge from electronics, glass, and drug factories
Volatile Organ	ie Gon	taminants						
Chlorine Highest QTR RAA MRDL Range	N	2014	.80 .80 .7080	0	mg/l	0	MDRL=4	Water additive used to control microbes
RUNNING ANN	<u> </u> Ι Δ Λ	VERAGE		<u>I</u>		L	L	<u> </u>
2950 TTHM	N N	20103	4,62	0	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination
2456 HAA5	N	2013	14.53	0	ppb	0	60	omorniauon

*SP -- Sampling Point

(14) Copper. Copper is an essential nutrient, but some people who drink water containing copper in excess of the action level over a relatively short amount of time could experience gastrointestinal distress. Some people who drink water containing copper in excess of the action level over many years could suffer liver or kidney damage. People with Wilson's Disease should consult their personal doctor.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION for LEAD

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Back Acres is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact (601)576-7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline.

Please call 662-562-8456 if you have questions.

We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.